RESTORATION OF THE AMERICAN CHESTNUT



SARA FITZSIMMONS

PSU and TACF



AMERICAN CHESTNUT







American Chestnut: The Tree

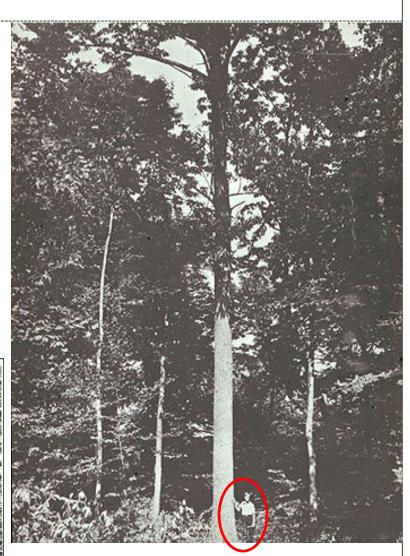




- High-value timber species
- Nuts valuable to wildlife
- Tannins used in tanning leather







American Chestnut: The Tree



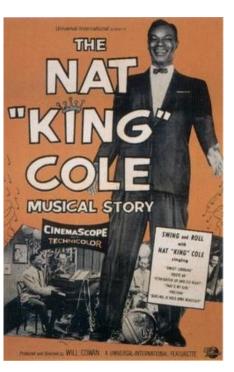


- Nuts valuable to people and livestock
- Culturally significant











Chestnut Blight

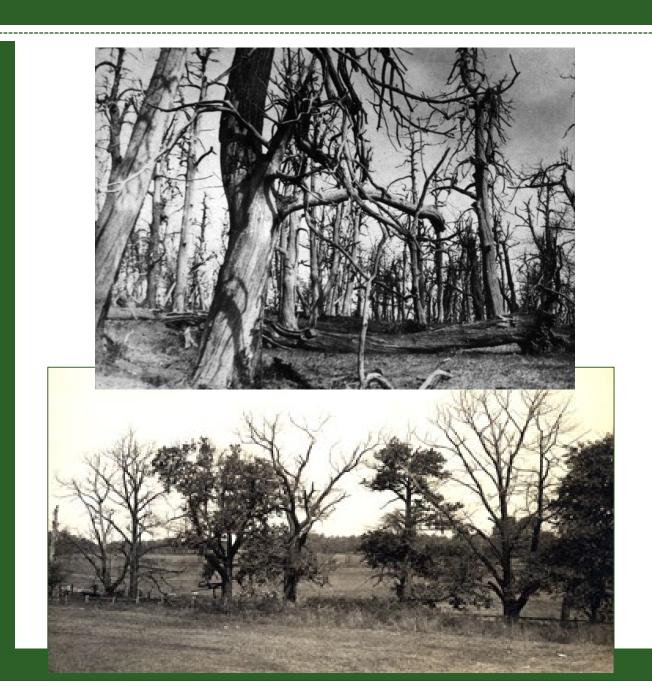
First identified NYC in 1904

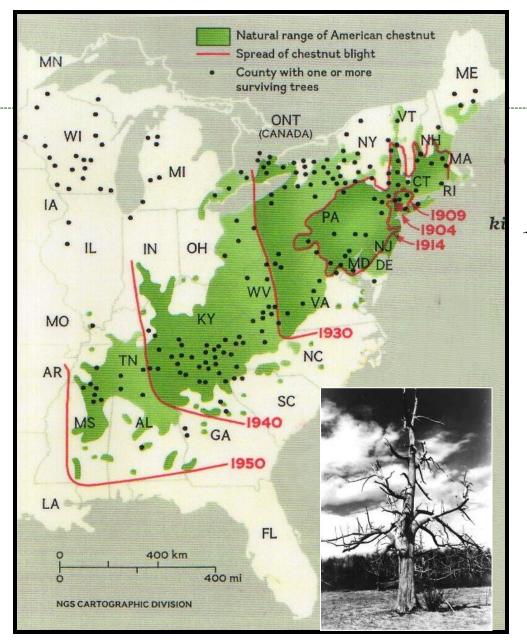
Fungus - Cryphonectria parasitica

a girdling canker

Spread quickly, functionally wiped out chestnut as overstory tree by







Spread of the Chestnut Blight

THE
AMERICAN
CHESTNUT
FOUNDATION®

Approximate movement of 20 to 50 miles per year because of American chestnut's density and almost complete susceptibility to the blight.

Early Restoration Attempts

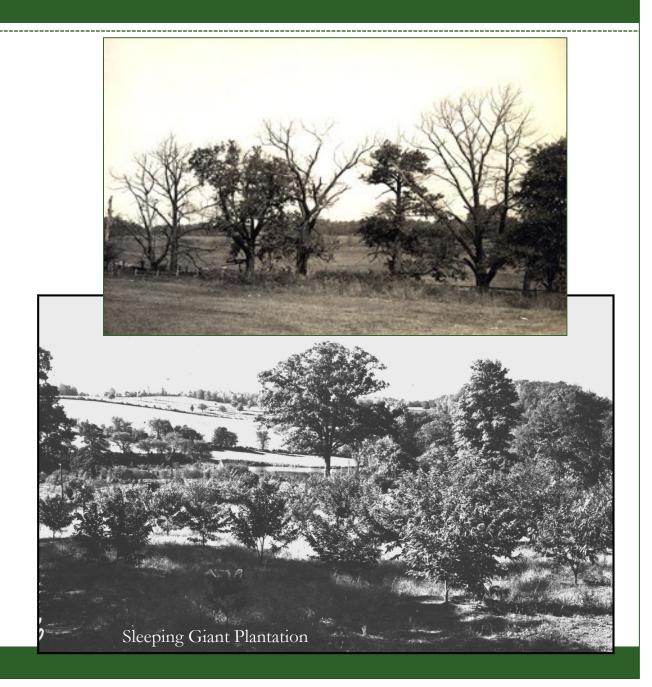
Replace with Chinese chestnut trees

Backcrossing to Chinese

Cultural methods –

Tree surgery
Fungicide
Forest gap barriers

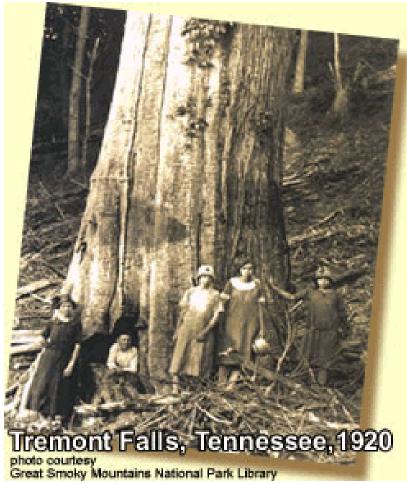


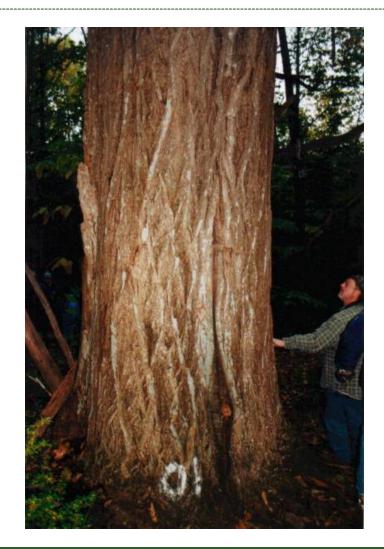


Restore the American chestnut tree to its native range









How to Make a Disease-Resistant American Chestnut?





3BUR

Breeding, Bio-control, and Biotechnology
United for Restoration







Breeding







American Type with Intermediate Blight Resistance



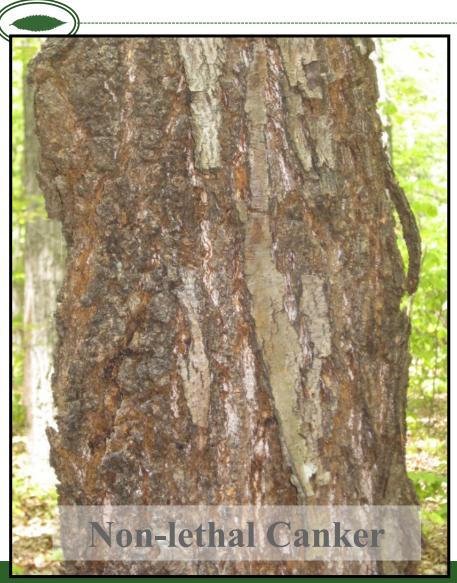




BioControl







Infect the Fungus with a Virus





Virulent

Hypovirulent

Hypovirulent

no virus

virulent virus

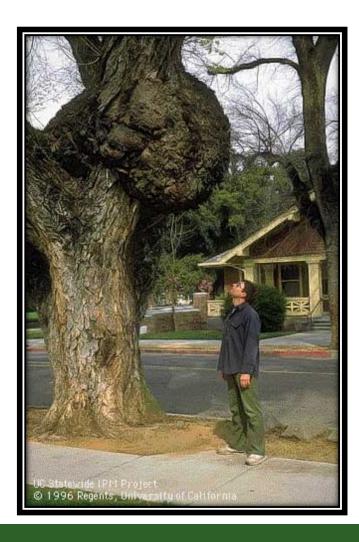
weak virus



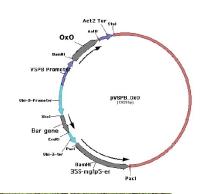
Biotechnology















Permitting





- Looking to deregulate in the next 2-5 years.
- Depends on regulatory approval by EPA, USDA, and FDA



STRATEGIES FOR CASTANEA DENTATA (CADE) CONSERVATION

RESISTANCE
 BREEDING
 STOCK

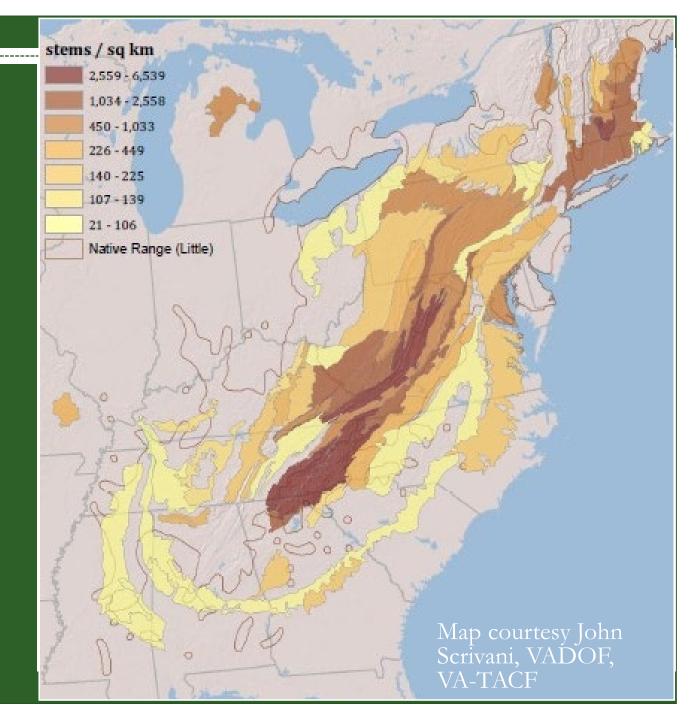
- IN SITU
- EX SITU



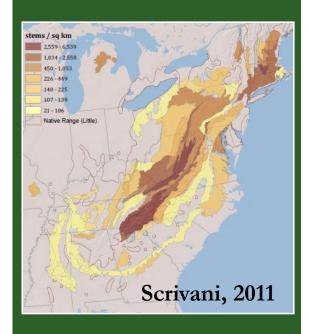
Current Status in the Wild

* Scrivani J. May-June 2011. Forest Inventory and Analysis. The Journal of the American Chestnut Foundation. 25(3): 17-18.





Current Status of Wild CADE



- Dalgleish et al. Forests 2016, 7, 4
 - O 430 Million Trees
 - $\circ \sim 84\%$ sprouts < 1" dbh

- Appalachian Trail Mega-Transect Data, http://ecosystems.psu.edu/research/chestnut/reports/mega-transect
 - 0 18,376 trees counted
 - o Only 107 were > 4" dbh (0.5%)





Finding Flowering Trees

0.5% of 430M ~2M

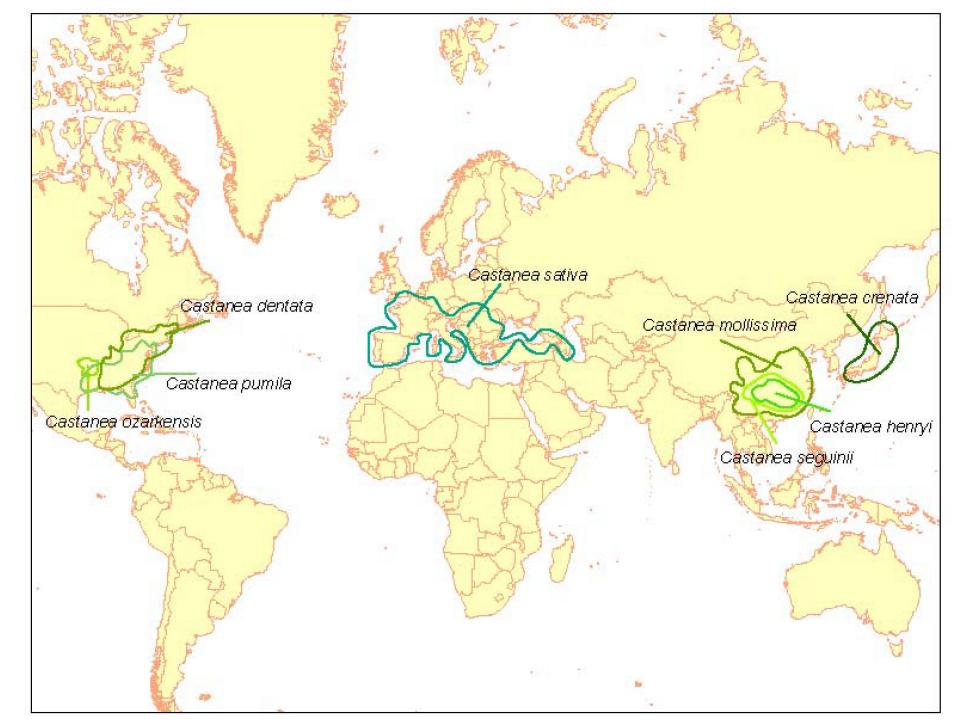
Need two flowering trees together

Need full sunlight









Species Comparisson





Top side of leaves:

Underside of leaves:





Bottom row: American, Chinese, European and Japanese chestnuts

In Situ Conservation



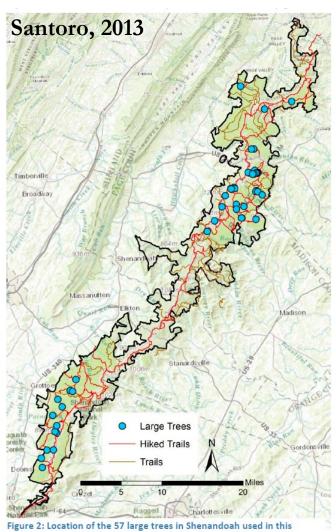


- Habitat Management
 - O Clearcuts for perpetual sprouting



In Situ Conservation







- Habitat Management
 - O Clearcuts for perpetual sprouting

 No planting and observation of a large area e.g.
 National Parks

Ex Situ Conservation









- Challenges of vegetative propagation
 - O Doesn't readily root
 - O Delayed graft incompatibility and blight infection
 - O Tissue Culture on embryos
- Challenges of seed storage
 - O Viability drops significantly after first 6 months.
 - o 2 years, max

Purdue University Duke Energy Grafted Orchard







Find the trees



Tree Locator Form



TreeSnap

- Verify species
 - Staff and trained volunteers



Purpose: This form is to help TACF® record, map, and analyze chestnut trees across their native

Result: An analysis of the macro and microscopic characteristics of the leaf and twig sample will be completed by a TACF identification expert and the results will be sent to the submitter in 4-8 weeks.

LEAF and TWIG SAMPLE

- · 6-12" of twig and attached, mature, green leaves growing in the full sun.
- Press sample flat between sheets of cardboard and place in an envelope.
- Use a single paper towel between the sample and cardboard to cushion and absorb moisture.
- Do not wrap in plastic, as samples will mold in the mail
- . Do not ship overnight. It's not necessary and we won't ID your sample right away.

Tree Locator Form

Location: THE AMERICAN County: __ CHESTNUT FOUNDATION⁸ Latitude (N): Longitude (W):

Location information is crucial. The closer you can get us to a tree with your directions, the better. Lat/Long measures are the best.

- You may obtain location information from Google Maps (http://maps.google.com). Right-click and select "What's here".
- If you can't obtain Lat/Long measurements, then please attach a map and/or directions to the tree from the nearest road.

Tree Information:

SIZE: Diameter (inches @ 4.5ft): Height (feet):
HOW MANY: [] Isolated Tree [] Clump of Trees (number):_
[] Clear-cut w/ many sprouts/trees(~acres)
NUTS: Burs: [] None [] Few [] Many [] Unknown
CATKINS: [] Present [] Absent [] Unknown
SURROUNDINGS: [] Full Sun [] Partial Shade [] Full shad
BLIGHT: [] Not Visible [] Visible [] Sunken Canker [] Swollen Canker
[] Swollen Canker
Could we reach the tree with a large truck? [] Yes [] No

Comments

Owner of Property Information		
Name:	Phone:	
Address:		
City:	State: Zip:	
E-mail:	Are there restrictions to viewing the tree? [] Yes Is permission of the owner suggested before viewing? [] Yes	[]No
Form Submitted By:		1,1
Name:	Date:	
Address:		
City:	State: Zip:	
Phone:	E-mail:	_

Submission address - please choose the office closest to the tree located. Tom Saielli, The American Chestnut Foundation, 50 N. Merrimon Ave, Suite 115, Asheville, NC 28804 Matt Brinckman, VA DOF, 900 Natural Resources Drive, Charlottesville, VA 22903 Sara Fitzsimmons, Pennsylvania State University, 206 Forest Resources Lab, University Park, PA 16802 Kendra Collins, USFS Northern Research Station, 705 Spear St, South Burlington, VT 05403

v. 12/22/2015





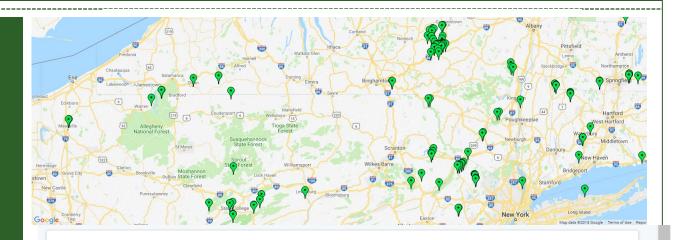
Tree Locator Form



TreeSnap

- Verify species
 - Staff and trained volunteers





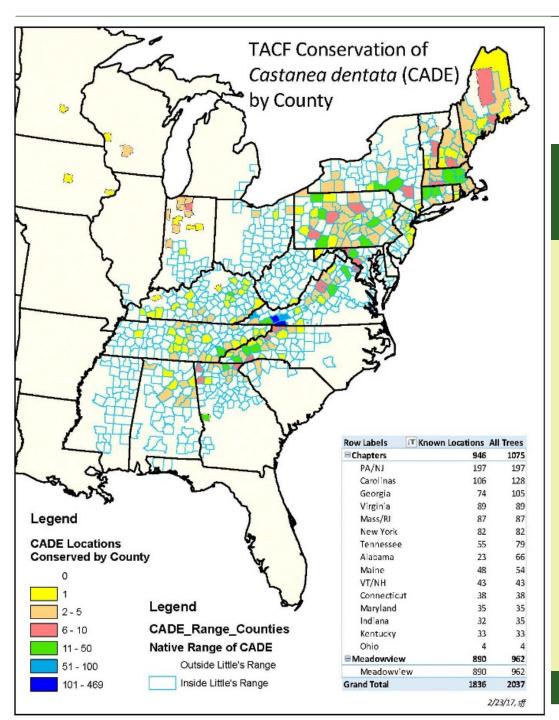
Observations by State View All State **Number of Observations Reported** Kentucky 696 **North Carolina** 328 Virginia 278 Tennessee 126 New York 89 Ohio 77 Pennsylvania 71 Massachusetts 68













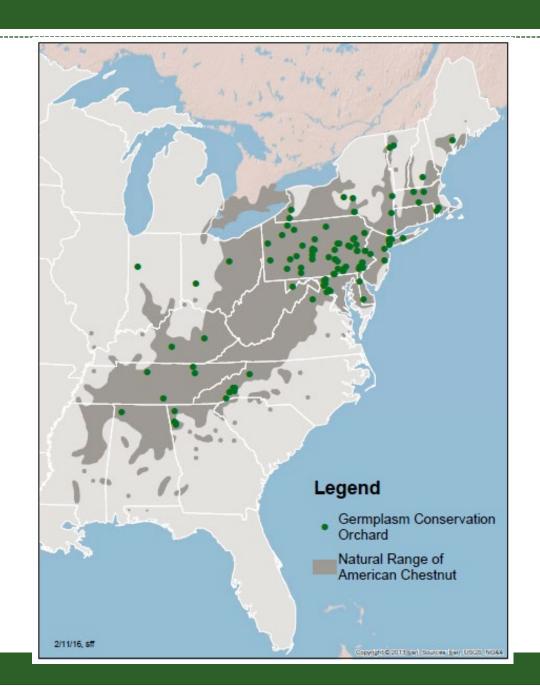
- Locations, not treesClearcuts, etc.
- Locations known vs.
 Unknown
- ~50% around
 Meadowview



Plantings

- Public /PrivatePartnerships
- Over 100 locations
 - 1983-present



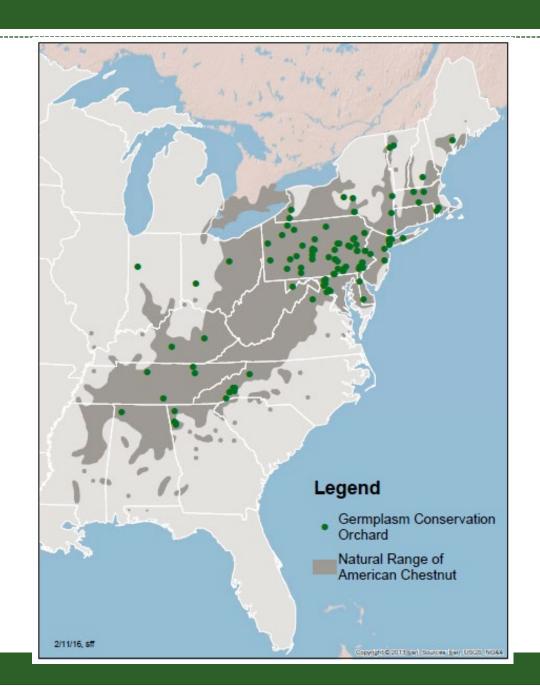




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American Chestnut Survival at William W. White Plantation 100% 90% - 1991 80% - 1992 - 1993 70% × 1994 -* 1995 60% Percent Alive ----- 1996 - 1997 50% - 1998 1999 40% 2000 2001 30% 2002 × 2003 20% 2004 10% 0% 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2004 1993 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999







Volunteers and Citizen Scientists are Key



• Record over 25,000 volunteer hrs / year

What Can You Do To Help?





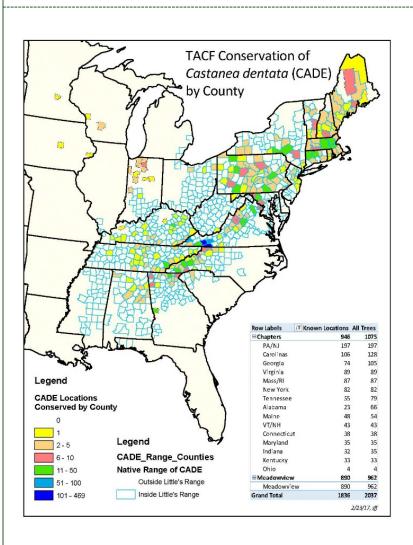
- Join The American Chestnut Foundation
- **Speaking events** spread the word of our work.
- Set up a display at events and answer questions
- Write an article for your local paper.
- Administrative/ Office assistance help with newsletter mailings, research information, data entry.
- Join the listserv to become aware of upcoming events.
- Report a Tree fill out and send us a tree locator form and sample.
- Plant trees as part of our research work
- Serve on the Board and one of these committees.





dentataBase and Citizen Science







- Documenting over 35 years of breeding work
 - O Founder American chestnut trees
 - O Plantings and the results
 - ➤ Observations such as height, diameter, resistance
 - o Personnel
- Available to the public for outreach and education purpose
- Ongoing improvement for data stability and usability